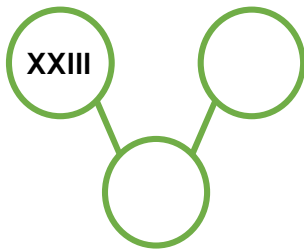


Roman Numerals

4a. Using these numbers, find as many ways as you can to complete this part whole model.



LXXXVII

XVIII

LXIV

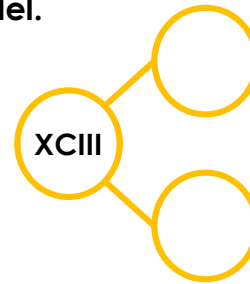
XLI



PS

Roman Numerals

4b. Using these numbers, find as many ways as you can to complete this part whole model.



III

LXIX

XC

XXIV



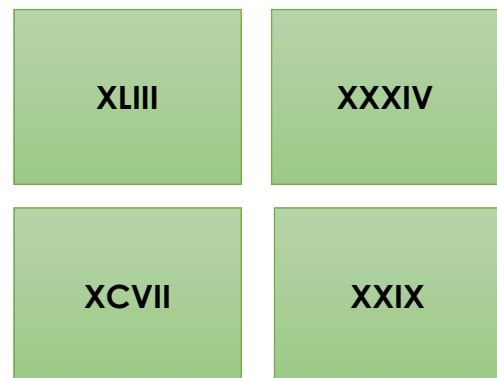
PS

5a. Use these Roman numerals to write 3 calculations using addition or subtraction totalling no more than 100.



PS

5b. Use these Roman numerals to write 3 calculations using addition or subtraction totalling no more than 100.



PS

6a. Luca says:



Adding 2 Roman numerals which include L will always total 100 or more.

Is his statement correct? Prove it.



R

6b. Thalia says:



Adding 3 Roman numerals which include X will always total more than 30.

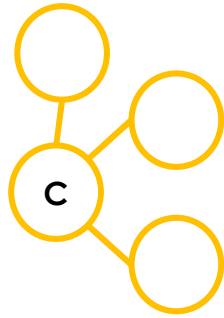
Is her statement correct? Prove it.



R

Roman Numerals

7a. Using these numbers, find as many ways as you can to complete this part whole model.



XLII

XXXVIII

XXII

XX

XXIX

LXII

XVI

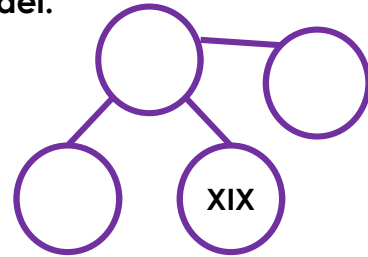
LI



PS

Roman Numerals

7b. Using these numbers, find as many ways as you can to complete this part whole model.



LXXVII

XLI

XXXIV

XCIV

XXIV

LXXXVII

LXXXIV

L



PS

8a. Use these Roman numerals to write 3 calculations using 2-step addition and subtraction totalling no more than 100.

XCI

XLIX

XXIV

XXXIX

XIV

LXXIV



PS

8b. Use these Roman numerals to write 3 calculations using 2-step addition and subtraction totalling no more than 100.

LXXXIX

LXIV

XIII

XXI

XXIX

XVII



PS

9a. Eric says:



If I subtract a Roman numeral with an L in it from the Roman numeral C, my answer will always be 50 or less.

Is his statement correct? Prove it.



R

9b. Jay says:



If I add together a Roman numeral with a V, X and L, my answer will always be greater than 65.

Is his statement correct? Prove it.



R